Case 5:08-cv-03653-JW Document 1 Filed 07/30/2008 Page 1 of 5 1 SEAN P. NALTY (SBN 121253) WILSON, ELSER, MOSKOWITZ, 2 EDELMAN & DICKER LLP 525 Market Street, 17th Floor 3 San Francisco, California 94105 (415) 433-0990 Tel: 4 Fax: (415) 434-1370 5 Attorneys for Defendant BERKSHIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY 6 OF AMERICA and THE GUARDIAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 SAN JOSE BRANCH 11 DR. JOEL DREXEL, 12 Plaintiff. NOTICE OF REMOVAL OF CIVIL 13 ACTION TO FEDERAL COURT UNDER v. 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332, 1441 and 1446 (Diversity) 14 BERKSHIRE LIFE INSURANCE 15 COMPANY OF AMERICA; THE Action Filed: June 19, 2008 GUARDIAN LIFE INSURANCE 16 COMPANY OF AMERICA, DOES I THROUGH V, INCLUSIVE, AND ROE 17 CORPORATIONS I THROUGH V. INCLUSIVE. 18 Defendants. 19 20 TO THE CLERK OF THE ABOVE-ENTITLED COURT: 21 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that defendants The Guardian Life Insurance Company of 22 America ("Guardian") and Berkshire Life Insurance Company of America ("Berkshire") 23 (collectively "defendants") hereby remove this action to the United States District Court for the 24 Northern District of California, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1332, 1441 and 1446, on the grounds that 25 there is complete diversity of citizenship between plaintiff Dr. Joel Drexel ("plaintiff"), a citizen 26 of the State of California, Guardian, a citizen of the State of New York, and defendant Berkshire, a 27 citizen of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; that the amount in controversy exceeds the 28 Notice of Removal of Civil Action to Federal Court 366002.1

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jurisdictional minimum of \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest or costs, as set forth in section 1332(a); and that the foregoing facts were true at the time the complaint in this matter was filed and remain true as of the date of the filing of this notice of removal, as more fully set forth below.

- On June 19, 2008, plaintiff filed in the in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Santa Clara, a civil action entitled Dr. Joel Drexel v. Berkshire Life Insurance Company of America and The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America, Does I through V, Inclusive, and Roe Corporations I through V, inclusive ("the Complaint").
- Berkshire and Guardian were served with the Complaint on July 14, 2008. A true, 2. correct and complete copy of the Complaint, served on defendants, is attached hereto as Exhibit A. Each and every allegation stated in the Complaint is incorporated by reference into this notice. A copy of the summons served on defendants is attached hereto as Exhibit B. Finally, attached hereto, as Exhibit C, are the remaining papers served on defendants with the Complaint.
- 3. Defendants have not been served with, or received, any other pleadings pertaining to this action except for those documents attached hereto as Exhibit A through C Defendants are informed and believe, and thereon allege, that other than the pleadings described in this notice of removal and attached to this notice of removal, there have been no further pleadings, process, or orders filed in this action.
- 4. Defendants have filed this notice of removal within 30 days after receipt by defendants of a copy of any pleading, motion, order or other paper from which it was first ascertained that the case is one which is removable.
- The other defendants named in the Complaint are merely fictitious parties identified 5. as Does I through V, Inclusive, and Roe Corporations I through V, inclusive whose citizenship shall be disregarded for purposes of this removal. Fristos v. Reynolds Metal Co., 615 F.2d 1209, 1213 (9th Cir. 1980).
- As demonstrated by the following, this action is a civil action over which this Court 6. has original jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §1332, and is one which may be removed to this Court by defendants pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1441, in that it is a civil action between citizens of different states, the amount in controversy exceeds the sum of \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs,

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and this was true at the time of the filing of the Complaint and remains true as of the time of the filing of this notice. Plaintiff was at the time of the filing of this action, and still is, a citizen of the (a)

- State of California and a resident of Santa Clara County. The Complaint, ¶ 1.
- Guardian was, at the time of the filing of this action, and still is, a citizen of (b) the State of New York, incorporated under the laws of the State of New York, and having its principal place of business in New York. Guardian's home office is in New York and a majority of Guardian's employees work in New York. The majority of Guardian's operations are in New York. Guardian's senior executives work in New York.
- Berkshire was, at the time of the filing of this action, and still is, a citizen of (c) the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, incorporated under the laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and having its principal place of business in Pittsfield, Massachusetts. Berkshire's home office is in Massachusetts and a majority of Berkshire's employees work in Massachusetts. The majority of Berkshire's operations are in Massachusetts. Berkshire's senior executives work in Massachusetts.
- This Court's jurisdictional minimum, an amount in controversy in excess of (d) \$75,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, was satisfied at the time of the filing of this action, and still is satisfied, based on the following:
- Plaintiff alleges in the Complaint claims for relief for breach of **(1)** contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing ("bad faith"), declaratory relief, Unjust Enrichment, Infliction of Emotional Distress, Negligent Misrepresentation, and Attorney's Fees. The Complaint, ¶¶ 5-63. Without admitting the facts alleged in the Complaint, and solely for the purpose of demonstrating diversity jurisdiction, defendants incorporate by reference, as if they were fully set forth below, the facts and allegations alleged by plaintiff in paragraphs 5 through 63 of the Complaint and the allegations in the prayer of the Complaint.
- The Court may, for removal purposes, look to the removal papers for **(2)** underlying facts establishing the jurisdictional limit. Gaus v. Miles, Inc., 980 F.2d 564, 566 (9th Cir. 1992). A removing defendant need only show by a preponderance of evidence that plaintiff's

claim exceeds the jurisdictional minimum. Sanchez v. Monumental Life Ins. Co., 102 F.3d 398, 404

(9th Cir. 1996).

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(3) Plaintiff alleges that Guardian issued a disability policy ("the Policy") to him with a monthly benefit of \$3,000.00. The Complaint, $\P\P$ 6-8. Plaintiff alleges that he has been totally disabled from his occupation as a dentist since March 29, 2005. The Complaint, ¶ 16. He further alleges that he made a claim for benefits under the Policy and that the claim was denied on or about September 2006. Id. at 23-26. He now claims he is entitled to disability benefits under the Policy since September 2006. Id. at 28. This places at issue 21 months of benefits as of the date of the filing of the Complaint (September 2006-June 2008). This amounts to \$63,000.00 in alleged contract damages as of the filing of the Complaint (21 x \$3,000.00 per month).

- In addition to contract damages, if plaintiff proves his allegations of **(4)** bad faith, and defendants' affirmative defenses fail, he can claim compensatory damages in the form of future policy benefits as part of his general damages. Egan v. Mutual of Omaha Ins. Co., 24 Cal.3d 809, 824, 169 Cal.Rptr. 691, 699, fn. 7 (1979). Plaintiff alleges that he has sustained general damages in an amount to be determined later. The Complaint, ¶ 29. Plaintiff alleges "incidental and consequential damages to be determined later." The Prayer of the Complaint, ¶ 6. Plaintiff alleges that benefits under the Policy are payable until he is 65. The Complaint, ¶ 9. Plaintiff's month of birth is November 1975. There are 388 months of future benefits at issue based on plaintiff's age and plaintiff's allegation that benefits are payable under the Policy until his 65th birthday (July. 2008-Nov. 2040 = 388 months). Based on plaintiff's monthly benefit amount of \$3,000.00, and not considering any defenses that defendants may raise, including the affirmative defense that this amount must be reduced to present value, the amount of future benefits at issue is \$1,164,000.00.
- Plaintiff further alleges that the denial of benefits caused him to (5) experience severe emotional distress. The Complaint, ¶¶ 52-55. He also claims that he is entitled to punitive damages for the willful breach of the disability contract. Id. at ¶ 40. "Where both actual and punitive damages are recoverable under a Complaint each must be considered to the extent claimed in determining jurisdictional amount." Bell v. Preferred Life Assurance Society, 320 U.S.

Document 1-2 Case 5:08-cv-03653-JW Filed 07/30/2008 Page 1 of 9 07:32 sacrament focessserver.com 07/14/2008 (FAME 16 446 2573 P.005/013 REZA ATHARI, ESQ. REZA ATHARI & ASSOCIATES, PLLC A Multi-jurisdictional Law Office (ENDORSED) 2 6235 S. Pecos Rd. Suite 109 Las Vegas, NV 89120 Tel.: (702) 433-3529 FAX: (702) 458-8508 JUN 19 2008 California State Bar No. 186915 5 Attorney for Plaintiff Dr. Joel Drexel 6 7 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA 8 9 DR. JOEL DREXEL Case No 1 0 8 C V 11 5 4 9 2 10 Plaintiff 11 V. 12 BERKSHIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY 13 OF AMERICA; THE GUARDIAN COMPLAINT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA, DOES I THROUGH V, 14 INCLUSIVE, AND ROE CORPORATIONS I 15 THROUGH V, INCLUSIVE 16 17 Defendants 18 19 COMES NOW, Plaintiff, DR. JOEL DREXEL, by and through his attorney, REZA ATHARI, ESQ., of REZA ATHARI AND ASSOCIATES, a Professional Limited Liability 20 Corporation, A Multijurisdictional Law Office, and for his cause of action against Defendants, 21 BERKSHIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA; THE GUARDIAN LIFE 22 INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA Does I through V, inclusive, and Roe Corporations I 23 through V, inclusive, alleges as follows: 24 25

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GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

1. Plaintiff is and was at all times a resident of the County of Santa Clara, California.

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Plaintiff is informed and believes and on that basis alleges that at all times relevant to this complaint there existed unity of interest between each defendant, and the employees of, owners of and/or partners in each defendant, and that each such defendant was the agent, representative, employee, principal and/or beneficiary of each other defendant and as such was acting on behalf of, under the authority of, with the full knowledge and consent of, and /or as the agent of each other defendant when performing the acts or failing to perform the acts set forth in this complaint.

Plaintiff, restates and realleges the allegations of Paragraphs 1 through 4, 5. inclusive, of the Complaint.

		1	
•	1		6. On or about August 2, 2002, Plaintiff and D. c.
	2		6. On or about August 2, 2002, Plaintiff and Defendants entered into a disability insurance policy contract in the State of California.
	3		7. The contract provided that Plaintiff pay a monthly premium to the Defendants while working as a dentist for herest is:
	4		while working as a dentist for benefit if he becomes disabled as a dentist. Plaintiff paid the premium time!
	5		Plaintiff paid the premium timely each month.
-	6	9	1-ne contract provided for \$3,000 monthly parameters
	7		· TOTALITA DECAME disorble 1 1 a
	8		old, he would receive a lifetime benefit, otherwise, his benefit would continue until he turned (65) sixty five
	9		7 4440,
	10	10	The contract provided for an annual increase of 3% if the disability was extended beyond a year.
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	13	11	of about December 1, 2003, Plaintiff's volved
	14	10	VIULAVENILE IN I O
	15	12.	at the contision, Plaintiff was working as a death of
	16	10	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	7	13.	Subsequent to the collision, Plaintiff sought medical treatment for neck, back, and
	8	14.	10 40 60,
1	11	14.	As a direct and proximate result of the injuries sustained in the accident, Plaintiff
20	1		pant and aggravation to his mad
. 21	11	15.	t which the deficiency,
22	1	15.	Plaintiff tried to work as a dentist in a reduced capacity, while exhausting all
23		16.	deather options.
24			On or about March 29, 2005, Plaintiff became totally disabled from his
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26			Plaintiff completely ended his work at a dental office.
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That as a result of this Breach of Contract, Plaintiff has suffered pecuniary damages, all to his general damages in the amount of to be determined later.

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30. That, by reason of the wrongful acts of the Defendants as aforesaid, the Plaintiff has been required to employ an attorney to represent his interests and Plaintiff is entitled to attorney fees expended by him in representation of him in this action.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION BREACH OF IMPLIED COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING

- Plaintiff, restates and realleges the allegations of Paragraphs 1 through 30, 31. inclusive, of the Complaint.
- Defendants denied coverage alleging Plaintiff was not totally disabled against the 32. unambiguous language of the insurance contract in defining occupation.
- · Defendants made said allegation against the unambiguous language of the 33, insurance contract in defining disability.
- Defendants made said allegation against the unambiguous language of the 34. insurance contract in defining total disability.
- The conduct of the Defendants was knowingly improper, simply to avoid payment 35. of a claim.
- In denying the coverage the Defendants acted in an arbitrary manner. 36.
- The conduct of the Defendants in not fulfilling their promises was intentional 37. because of their subsequent conduct in denying the policy benefits.
- The Defendants were given ample time and evidence to correct their conduct. 38.
- 39. The conduct of the Defendants was reprehensible, fraudulent, or in blatant violation of law or policy.
- By reason of the wrongful acts of the Defendants and willful breach of the 40. disability insurance contract as herein alleged, the Plaintiff is entitled to punitive damages.
- That, by reason of the wrongful acts of the Defendants as aforesaid, the Plaintiff 41. has been required to employ an attorney to represent his interests and Plaintiff is entitled to attorney fees expended by him in representation of him in this action.

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- Plaintiff, restates and realleges the allegations of Paragraphs 1 through 41, 42, inclusive, of the Complaint.
- 43. An actual controversy exists between Plaintiff on the one hand and the Defendants, on the other hand, arising out of the events alleged herein above. Specifically, Plaintiff contends that Defendants have no legal basis for denying Plaintiff disability payments. that plan benefits were wrongfully withheld or denied, that the denial of disability benefits is a breach of the insurance policy entered into by Plaintiff and Defendants.
- Plaintiff seeks declaratory relief with respect to said controversies, and all other 44. appropriate remedies available.
- As a result of Defendant's breach of contract and bad faith dealings, Plaintiff has 45. been required to resume monthly payments on the insurance policy.
- 46. That, by reason of the wrongful acts of the Defendants as aforesaid, the Plaintiff has been required to employ an attorney to represent his interests and Plaintiff is entitled to attorney fees expended by him in representation of him in this action.
- Plaintiff is informed and believes and based thereon alleges that the Defendants 47. dispute Plaintiff's contentions.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION UNJUST ENRICHMENT

- Plaintiff, restates and realleges the allegations of Paragraphs 1 through 47, 48. inclusive, of the Complaint.
- 49. Plaintiff had paid to the Defendants his monthly premium with the understanding and expectation that should he become disabled, Defendant would pay him disability benefits.

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- 50. Defendants continued to receive Plaintiff's monthly premiums.
- 51. When Plaintiff become disabled, Defendants denied his coverage causing an unjust benefit to the Defendants in receiving money from the Plaintiff but failing, in return, to provide Plaintiff with monthly disability benefits when he became disabled as set forth in the insurance policy.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION INFLICTION OF PAIN AND EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

- Plaintiff, restates and realleges the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 52. 51, inclusive of the Complaint.
- Defendants' said conduct was intentional and malicious. 53.
- 54. Defendants' conduct was intentional and malicious and done for the purpose of wrongfully causing Plaintiff to suffer emotional distress and other damages.
- 55. As a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid acts and omissions of defendants, Plaintiff sustained loss of insurance coverage, incurred and continues to incur attorneys' fees, and has suffered and continues to suffer worry and mental and emotional distress, all to Plaintiff's detriment and damage and to the unjust enrichment of Defendants, and in amounts not fully ascertained, but within the jurisdiction of this Court. When such sums have been ascertained, Plaintiff will amend this complaint accordingly or will prove same at time of trial.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATION

- Plaintiff, restates and realleges the allegations of Paragraphs 1 through 55, 56. inclusive, of the Complaint.
- As set forth in greater detail above, at the time Plaintiff purchased the insurance 57. policy with the Defendants, the policy represented that it would satisfy Plaintiff's specific requests and needs for income protection in the event of disability; and that Defendants were a reputable, reliable and trustworthy disability insurer that

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would pay Plaintiff disability benefits in good faith and without undue delay, in
the event Plaintiff became disabled and filed a claim for benefits under the
insurance policy.

- 58. Said representations were false and untrue and were made without any reasonable grounds for their truth, and with the intent to induce Plaintiff's reliance thereon.
- Plaintiff was unaware of the falsity of Defendants' representations and reasonably 59. relied upon said representations in purchasing the insurance policy. Plaintiff would not have purchased the insurance policy and/or would have purchased other insurance, but for the representations referenced herein.
- 60. Defendants had no reasonable ground for believing said representations to be true, and said representations were made with the intent to induce Plaintiff to alter his position and reliance thereon and to induce Plaintiff to purchase the insurance policy, which Plaintiff did.
- 61. As set forth in greater detail above, when Plaintiff became totally disabled and had to quit his practice as a dentist, Plaintiff did file a claim for disability benefits, and Defendants subsequently denied Plaintiff's claim, in bad faith.
- 62. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants representations, Plaintiff has been injured in an amount equal to the disability benefits owed and owing to Plaintiff under the terms of the insurance policy.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION ATTORNEY FEES

- Plaintiff, restates and realleges the allegations of Paragraphs 1 through 62, 63, inclusive, of the Complaint.
- As a result of the actions and failings of the Defendants, and each of them, 63. Plaintiff has retained the services of legal counsel and has necessarily incurred attorneys' fees and costs in prosecuting this action. Further, Plaintiff anticipates incurring additional attorney's fees and costs in hereafter pursuing this action, all

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in a final amount which is currently unknown. Plaintiff therefore requests an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff expressly reserves the right to amend the Complaint at the time of trial on the actions herein to include all items of damages not yet ascertained, demands judgment against the Defendants, and each of them, as follows:

- 1. General and compensatory damages in an amount in excess of \$3,000.00 per month, from the time disability claim payments were terminated in September of 2006 to present and.
- For interest from the date of nonpayment until satisfaction of judgment. 2.
- Reinstatement of the disability payments in the amount of \$3,000.00 per month. 3.
- Attorney's fees and costs of suit incurred herein. 4.
- For punitive damages as will be determined later. 5.
- б, For incidental and consequential damages to be determined later.
- 7. For such other and further reliefs as the court may deem proper.

Respectfully submitted this ___ day of June 2008

Respectfully Submitted,

REZA ATHARI, ESQ. REZA ATHARI & ASSOCIATES, PLLC A Multi-jurisdictional Law Office

6235 S. Pecos Rd. Suite 109 Las Vegas, NV 89120 Tel.: (702) 433-3529

FAX: (702) 458-8508 California State Bar No.186915

Attorney for Plaintiff

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SUMMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL DEMANDADO):

Berkshire Life Insurance Company of America; The Guardian Life Insurance Company of America; Does I through V, inclusive; and Roe Corporations I through V, inclusive.

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÀ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE): Dr. Joel Drexel

SUM-100 FOR COURT USE ONLY (SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE) (ENDORSED) JUN 19 2008 KIRI TORRE
Chief Executive Officer/Clerk,
Superior Court of CA/County of Sania Clara .. DEPLITY

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your responses. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filling fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacar que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de Celifornia (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/seifhelp/espanol/), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le de un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueido, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que liame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede liamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawheipcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol/) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales.

The name and address of the court is: (El nombre y dirección de la corte es):			CAST NI NBES	C V	11	5	49	2
Superior Court of California, County	y of Santa Clara		t					
Downtown Superior Court, 191 Nor	th First Street							
Cam Toro CA 05113								,
The name, address, and telephone number of (El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfic Reza Athari, Esq. of Reza Athari & A 6235 South Pecos Road, Suite 109, L	ono del abogado del Associates PLLC	a Multi-iurisdicti	onal Law Of	TICC				
DATE: JUN 1 9 2008	Kiri Torre	Clerk, by (Secretario)			cenz			Deputy (Adjunto)
(For proof of service of this summons, use P (Para prueba de entrega de esta citatión use NOTICE TO	i <i>el tormulari</i> o e root o	(VED: You are served	, (1-00-010)).					

(Para prueba de entrega de (NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served 1 as an individual defendant. 2 as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):	
	3. on behalf of (specify): Berkshire Life Insurance Company of America	
	under: CCP 416.10 (corporation) CCP 416.60 (minor) CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation) CCP 416.70 (conservatee) CCP 416.40 (association or partnership) CCP 416.90 (authorized per	rson)
	other (specify): 4 by personal delivery on (date):	Page 1

Form Adopted for Mandalory Use Judicial Council of California SUM-100 [Rev. January 1, 2004]

SUMMONS

Code of Civil Procedure §§ 412.20, 465 American LegalNet, Inc. | www.USCourtForms.com

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CIVIL LAWSUIT NOTICE

Superior Court of California, County of Santa Clara 191 N. First St., San Jose, CA 95113

ATTACHMENT CV-5012 CASE NUMBER: 080

READ THIS ENTIRE FORM

PLAINTIFFS (the person(s) suing): Within 60 days after filing the lawsuit, you must serve each defendant with the Complaint, Summons, an Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) Information Sheet, and a copy of this Civil Lawsuit Notice, and you must file written

<u>DEFENDANTS</u> (The person(s) being sued): You must do each of the following to protect your rights:

- You must file a written response to the Complaint, in the Clerk's Office of the Court, within 30 days of the date the Summons and Complaint were served on you;
- You must send a copy of your written response to the plaintiff; and
- You must attend the first Case Management Conference.

Warning: If you do not do these three things, you may automatically lose this case.

RULES AND FORMS: You must follow the California Rules of Court (CRC) and the Santa Clara County Superior Court Local Civil Rules and use proper forms. You can get legal information, view the rules and get forms, free of charge, from the Self-Service Center at 99 Notre Dame Avenue, San Jose (408-882-2900 x-2926), or from:

- State Rules and Judicial Council Forms: www.courtinfo.ca.gov/forms and www.courtinfo.ca.gov/rules
- Local Rules and Forms: http://www.sccsuperiorccurt.org/civil/rule1foc.htm
- Rose Printing: 408-293-8177 or becky@rose-printing.com (there is a charge for forms)

For other local legal information, visit the Court's Self-Service website www.scselfservice.org and select "Civil."

CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE (CMC): You must meet with the other parties and discuss the case, in person or by telephone, at least 30 calendar days before the CMC. You must also fill out, file and serve a Case Management Statement (Judicial Council form CM-110) at least 15 calendar days before the CMC.

You or your attorney must appear at the CMC. You may ask to appear by telephone – see Local Civil Rule 8.

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ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (ADR): If all parties have appeared and filed a completed ADR Stipulation Form (local form CV-5008) at least 15 days before the CMC, the Court will cancel the CMC and mail notice of an ADR Status Conference. Visit the Court's website at www.sccsuperiorcourt.org/civil/ADR/ or call the ADR Administrator (408-882-2100 x-2530) for a list of ADR providers and their qualifications, services, and fees.

WARNING: Sanctions may be imposed if you do not follow the California Rules of Court or the Local Rules of Court

Form CV-5012 Rev. 07/01/07

CIVIL LAWSUIT NOTICE

07/14/2008

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION INFORMATION SHEET / CIVIL DIVISION

Many cases can be resolved to the satisfaction of all parties without the necessity of traditional litigation, which can be expensive, time consuming, and stressful. The Court finds that it is in the best interests of the parties that they participate in alternatives to traditional litigation, including arbitration, mediation, neutral evaluation, special masters and referees, and settlement conferences. Therefore, all matters shall be referred to an appropriate form of Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) before they are set for trial, unless there is good cause to dispense with the ADR requirement.

What is ADR?

ADR is the general term for a wide variety of dispute resolution processes that are alternatives to litigation. Types of ADR processes include mediation, arbitration, neutral evaluation, special masters and referees, and settlement conferences, among others forms.

What are the advantages of choosing ADR instead of litigation?

ADR can have a number of advantages over litigation:

- ADR can save time. A dispute can be resolved in a matter of months, or even weeks, while litigation can take years.
- ADR can save money. Attorney's fees, court costs, and expert fees can be reduced or avoided altogether.
- ADR provides more participation. Parties have more opportunities with ADR to express their interests and concerns, instead of focusing exclusively on legal rights.
- ADR provides more control and flexibility. Parties can choose the ADR process that is most likely to bring a satisfactory resolution to their dispute.
- ADR can reduce stress. ADR encourages cooperation and communication, while discouraging the adversarial atmosphere of litigation. Surveys of parties who have participated in an ADR process have found much greater satisfaction than with parties who have gone through litigation.

What are the main forms of ADR offered by the Court?

- Mediation is an informal, confidential process in which a neutral party (the mediator) assists the parties in understanding their own interests, the interests of the other parties, and the practical and legal realities they all face. The mediator then helps the parties to explore options and arrive at a mutually acceptable resolution of the dispute. The mediator does not decide the dispute. The parties do.
- < Mediation may be appropriate when:
 - The parties want a non-adversary procedure
 - The parties have a continuing business or personal relationship
 - Communication problems are interfering with a resolution
 - There is an emotional element involved
 - The parties are interested in an injunction, consent decree, or other form of equitable relief

-over-

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LIVIL COVER SHEET

The IS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docker sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON PAGE TWO OF THE FORM.)

the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRU	CHONS ON PAGE I WO OF THE FORM.]					
I.(a) PLAINTIFFS DR. JOEL DREXEL		DEFENDANTS BERKSHIRE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA; THE GUARDIAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF AMERICA					
				D8 36	S3 PUT		
(b) County of Residence of Fire (EXCEPT IN U.S. I Santa Clara	st Listed Plaintiff PLAINTIFF CASES)	County of Residence of First Listed Defendant (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE					
	sociates, PLLC	Attorneys (If Known) Sean P. Nalty (SBN 121253) Wilson, Elser, Moskowitz, Edelman & Dicker 525 Market Street, 17th Floor San Francisco, CA 94105					
(702) 433-3529 II. BASIS OF JURISDICT	ION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)	III. CIT	(415) 433-0990 IZENSHIP OF PRINCI	PAL PARTIES (Place	an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff		
1 U.S. Government Plaintiff	3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party) 4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)	(For I	Diversity Cases Only) PTF DEF his State X 1 1 1 another State 2 X 2 ubject of a 3 3 3	•	PTF DEF ace 4 4 4		
IV. NATURE OF SUIT (Pla	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1			
CONTRACT X 110 Insurance 20 Marine 30 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument 150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment 151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excl. Veterans) 153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits 160 Stockholders' Suits 190 Other Contract 195 Contract Product Liability 196 Franchise REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation 220 Foreclosure 230 Rent Lease & Ejectment 240 Torts to Land 245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	315 Airplane Product 1365 Pers 2368 Ash 2368 Ash 2368 Ash 2369 As	sonal Injury - d. Malpractice sonal Injury - duct Liability duct Liability estos Persona ry Product sility PROPERTY er Fraud th in Lending er Personal perty Damage duct Liability NER IONS tons to Vacate ence Corpus: eral th Penalty damus & othe	of Property 2 1 USC 88 1 of Property 2 1 USC 88 1 of 30 Liquor Laws of 40 R.R. & Truck of 50 Airline Regs. of 660 Occupational Safety/Health of 90 Other LABOR 710 Fair Labor Standards Act 720 Labor/Mgmt. Relations 730 Labor/Mgmt. Reporting & Disclosure Act 740 Railway Labor Act 790 Other Labor Litigation 791 Empl. Ret. Inc. Security Act IMMIGRATION	## BANKRUPTCY 422 Appeal 28 USC 158 423 Withdrawal 28 USC 157 PROPERTY RIGHTS 820 Copyrights 840 Trademark 840 Trademark SOCIAL SECURITY 861 HIA (1395ff) 862 Black Lung (923) 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) 864 SSID Title XVI 865 RSI (405(g)) FEDERAL TAX SUITS 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) 871 IRS - Third Party 26 USC 7609	400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit 490 Cable/Sat TV 810 Selective Service 850 Securities/Commodities. Exchange 875 Customer Challenge 12 USC 3410 890 Other Statutory Actions 891 Agricultural Acts 892 Economic Stabilization Act 893 Environmental Matters 894 Energy Allocation Act 895 Freedom of Information Act 900 Appeal of Fee Determination Under Equal Access to Justice 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes		
1 Original 2 Ren	("in One Box Only) noved from 3 Remanded from Appellate Court	Re	instated or 5 Transferred another dist (specify)	rict Litigation	Magistrate Judgment		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTION Cite the U.S. Civil Statute under which you are filing (Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity): 28 U.S.C. sections 1332, 1441(b) Brief description of cause: Breach of Contract and Bad Faith							
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	VII. REQUESTED IN CHECK IF THIS IS A CLASS ACTION DEMAND S CHECK YES only if demanded in complaint:						
VIII. RELATED CASE(S) IF ANY	PLEASE REFER TO "NOTICE OF RELA"	CIVIL L.R TED CASE	. 3-12 CONCERNING REQU 2".	IREMENT TO FILE			
IX. DIVISIONAL ASSIC (PLACE AND "X" I	GNMENT (CIVIL L.R. 3-2) N ONE BOX ONLY)		SAN FRANCISCO/OAKL	AND X SA	N JOSE		
	2008 SIGNATURE C	FATORNE			ND2 1041		

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L. 44 Reverse (Rev. 12/07)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney tiling a case should complete the form as follows:

- I. (a) Plaintiffs-Defendants. Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.C.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.

United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.

Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)

- III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- IV. Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerks in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.

Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.

Remanded &om Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for hrther action. Use the date of remand as the lilitig date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.

Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.

Appeal to District Judge from Magistrate Judgment. (7) Check this box for an appeal tiom a magistrate judge's decision.

VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.

Example:
U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553
Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service

VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

Demand. 111 this space enter the dollar amount (in thousands ofdollars) being demanded or indicate other demand sucli as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related pending cases if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.